

Mercer Private Investment Partners IX SCSp SICAV-RAIF- Sub-Fund Global Impact (the "Sub-Fund")

Sustainability-related disclosures required for Article 9 financial products Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services sector

Preamble

The Sub-Fund invests 90% of its commitments into Primary Investments, Secondary Investments and Co-Investments that are aligned with the Sub-Fund's pursued environmental and social objectives and qualify as sustainable investments according to article 2 (17) of the Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation

The Sub-Fund aims to gain exposure to a diversified portfolio of Investments, with a focus on private equity and real asset strategies.

The Sub-Fund intends to contribute on the climate and associated environmental challenges and/or to a more inclusive and equitable society and/or to improved living standards. With that, it seeks to generate demonstrable positive impact across one or more of the UN Sustainable Development Goals ("UN SDG") with a principal focus on environmental UN SDGs such as but not limited to UN SDG 6 – Clean Water and Sanitation, UN SDG 7 – Affordable and clean energy, UN SDG 13 – Climate action. UN SDG 14 – Life below Water or UN SDG 15 – Life on Land. Further the Investments aim to deliver not only positive environmental and/or social impacts but also socioeconomic contributions.

Climate-related solutions and companies that facilitate emission reductions are expected to form a significant part of the portfolio, together with Investments that enhance environmental outcomes more generally, and promote social development and socio-economic improvements. The Sub-Fund does not have a carbon-reduction objective, however, among others will focus on Investments that support the shift of energy production away from fossil fuel-based generation, increase the energy efficiency or productivity, or enable the utilisation of clean energy.

Original Publication: December 2025

Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation Level 2 – Website Disclosure PIP IX – Global Impact

Section	Regulatory Requirements	Disclosure draft
Summary Article 38 – SFDR L2	In the website section 'Summary' referred to in Article 37, point (a), financial market participants shall summarise all the information contained in the different sections referred to in that Article 37 about the financial products that have sustainable investment as their objective. The summary section shall have a maximum length of two sides of A4-sized paper when printed.	Note: Please refer to the dedicated summary document for more information.
	The website section 'Summary' referred to in Article 37, point (a), shall be provided in at least the following languages: (a) one of the official languages of the home Member State and, where different and where the financial product is made available in more than one Member State, in an additional language customary in the sphere of international finance; (b) where the financial product is made available in a host Member State, one of the official languages of that host Member State.	
No significant harm to the sustainable investment objective	In the website section 'No significant harm to the sustainable investment objective' referred to in Article 37, point (b), financial market participants shall explain whether and why the investments of the financial product do not significantly harm any of the sustainable investment objectives, and provide all of the following information:	Mercer's proprietary Sustainability & Impact Assessment is considering in the due diligence the regulatory requirements with respect to the "Do no significant harm" ("DNSH") principle as required under article 2 (17) SFDR and the EU Taxonomy Regulation (as relevant).
Article 39 – SFDR L2		
	 how the indicators for adverse impacts in Table 1 of Annex I, and any relevant indicators in Tables 2 and 3 of that Annex I, are taken into account; 	The principle adverse impact indicators of Table 1 of Annex I of SFDR Level 2 are taken into account as relevant for the Portfolio Investments in the investment decision process, i.e. in the due diligence of the respective Underlying GP based on an assessment of the processes implemented at Portfolio Investment level. During the holding period, Mercer receives relevant reporting to enhance its assessment of the investment against the relevant PAI indicators. The Sub-Fund's Portfolio Manager has established a dedicated due diligence process pertaining to PAI considerations within the DNSH process that is considering different criteria informing the Sub-Fund's Portfolio Manager's assessment. The criteria entail inter alia, (i) the relevance for the different PAIs, i.e. a materiality assessment, (ii) details how the PAIs are considered in the DNSH assessment, (iii) at what stages during the lifecycle of the investment the PAIs are considered, (iv) the data sources used as well as any thresholds set and the foundation as well as (v) estimates used and associated data quality considerations.
	• whether the sustainable investment is aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights, including the principles and rights set out in the eight fundamental conventions identified in the Declaration of the International Labour Organisation on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work and the International Bill of Human Rights.	Compliance with OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights is assessed via Mercer's Sustainability & Impact Assessment with respect to the Portfolio Investments i.e. in the due diligence of the respective Underlying GP. During the holding period, Mercer receives relevant reporting.
Sustainable investment objective of the financial product	In the website section 'Sustainable investment objective of the financial product' referred to in Article 37, point (c), financial market participants shall describe the sustainable investment objective of the financial product.	The Sub-Fund invests 90% of its Commitments into Primary Investments, Secondary Investments and Co-Investments that are aligned with the Sub-Fund's pursued environmental and social objectives and qualify as sustainable investments according to article 2 (17) of the Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation.
Article 40 – SFDR L2		The Sub-Fund aims to gain exposure to a diversified portfolio of Investments, with a focus on private equity and real asset strategies.
		The Sub-Fund intends to contribute on the climate and associated environmental challenges and/or to a more inclusive and equitable society and/or to improved living standards. With that, it seeks to generate demonstrable positive impact across one or more of the UN Sustainable Development Goals ("UN SDGs") with a principal focus on environmental UN SDGs such as but not limited to UN SDG 6 – Clean Water and Sanitation, UN SDG 7 – Affordable and clean energy, UN SDG 13 – Climate action,

Section	Regulatory Requirements	Disclosure draft
		UN SDG 14 – Life below Water or UN SDG 15 – Life on Land. Further the Investments aim to deliver not only positive environmental and/or social impacts but also socio-economic contributions.
		Climate-related solutions and companies that facilitate emission reductions are expected to form a significant part of the portfolio, together with Investments that enhance environmental outcomes more generally, and promote social development and socio-economic improvements. The Sub-Fund does not have a carbon-reduction objective, however, among others will focus on Investments that support the shift of energy production away from fossil fuel-based generation, increase the energy efficiency or productivity, or enable the utilisation of clean energy.
Investment strategy	In the website section 'Investment strategy' referred to in Article 37, point (d), financial market participants shall describe all of the following:	
Article 41 – SFDR L2	 the investment strategy used to attain the sustainable investment objective; 	The Sub-Fund aims to gain exposure to a diversified portfolio of Investments, with a focus on private equity and real asset strategies. The Sub-Fund aims to provide positive financial returns alongside a measurable sustainable impact return. Mercer is integrating sustainable and impact criteria across the full investment cycle. The Sub-Fund invests only in strategies that contribute to the sustainable investment objective of the Sub-Fund as well as having an alignment with Mercer's proprietary sustainable and impact frameworks.
		The Sub-Fund is following the below stated sustainable investment strategy:
		 Exclusion strategy PAI limitation strategy Mercer's sustainability and impact strategy in accordance with article 2 (17) SFDR, executed through Mercer's Sustainability & Impact Assessment
		Sustainable and impact data is being obtained, where available, during the due diligence and ongoing monitoring for every Investment. Mercer's Sustainable and Impact assessment is aiming to track, monitor and report the sustainable objective and positive contribution of each Investment.
		Exclusions screening
		The Sub-Fund has defined exclusions with respect to the following sectoral activities and behaviours/activities for the Sub–Fund's Portfolio investments contributing to the pursued environmental and/or social objectives. Compliance with the exclusions will be assessed during the due diligence phase before investing. During the holding phase, the exclusions will be monitored based on available reporting.
		 Any direct investment which has been found in severe, systematic and ongoing violation of the principles of the UN Global Compact, the UN Guiding Principles or similarly robust equivalent principles concerning human rights, labour, environment, and anti-corruption, unless the Underlying GP can provide a clear plan for effectively addressing and rectifying these violations. Any direct investment in a company that generates more than 10% of revenue from the
		production of alcoholic beverages. 3. Any direct investment in a company that generates more than 5% of turnover from the distribution of pornography, and no direct investment in a company that generates revenue directly from the production of pornography.
		 Any direct investment in a company that derives direct revenues from controversial weapons. Controversial weapons include cluster munitions, anti-personnel landmines, biological, chemical or nuclear weapons and depleted uranium ammunition/armour.

Section	Regulatory Requirements	Disclosure draft
		 5. Any direct investment in a company that derives direct revenue from the production and retailing of automatic and semi-automatic civilian firearms and ammunition. 6. Any direct investment in the exploration, extraction, refining and distribution of (solid, liquid and gaseous) fossil fuels including unconventional sources such as oil sands, and hydraulic fracking representing more than 10% of the turnover of a company.
		7. Any direct investment in energy generation from oil, conventional nuclear and natural gas with a GHG intensity of more than 100g CO2e/kWh, representing more than 10% of the turnover of a company, unless there is a formalized plan at entry from the relevant Underlying GP to manage (e.g. divest, rehabilitate, transition) such investments with the objective to abate thermal coal, oil and conventional nuclear energy generation within a five-year period following acquisition. The Sub-Fund will not finance new development projects for energy generation based on thermal coal or oil.
		8. Any direct investment in companies that derive 1% or more of their revenues from exploration, mining, extraction, distribution or refining of hard coal and lignite.
		 Any direct investment in a company that generates direct revenue from the production of tobacco products, and any direct investment in a company that generates more than 50% of revenue from the distribution of tobacco products.
		10. Any direct investment in a company that generates more than 10% of its revenue from commercial gambling.
		11. Approaches to farming and timber considered contrary to the principles of sustainable and low-carbon agriculture, agribusiness and sustainable timber practices. This includes the land usage and acquisition for the purposes of the production of biofuels (e.g. palm oil) and ethanol (corn).
		12. Water infrastructure such as large-scale reservoir hydropower dams and irrigation schemes constructed in stressed (or potentially stressed) water catchments, resulting in significant negative impact. Desalination processes reliant upon coal-fired power stations. Water-related companies that do not prioritize or make a clear commitment to the principle of "water for everyone at a fair price."
		 Predatory lending practices or micro finance strategies with inexplicably high interest rates that could drive over-indebtedness.
		PAI Limitation Strategy
		The Sub-Fund considers for all Portfolio Investments qualifying under #1 in the section "Proportion of Investments" (see below) the relevant PAI indicators as described in the section "No significant harm to the sustainable investment objective" within the DNSH-assessment.
		Further the following PAI indicators are considered based on the Sub-Fund's exclusion strategy and minimum safeguards process:
		Principal Adverse Impact Consideration
		PAI 4 – Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector Via exclusion strategy
		PAI 10 – Violations of UN Global Compact principles and Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises Via exclusion strategy and minimum safeguards process
		PAI 11 – Lack of processes and compliance mechanisms to monitor compliance with UN Global Compact principles and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises Via minimum safeguards process
		PAI 14 – Exposure to controversial weapons (anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, chemical weapons and biological weapons)

Proportion of Proportion o	Section	Regulatory Requirements	Disclosure draft
Assessment: 1. Underlying GP Due Diligence Where has developed a proprietary assessment to assess Underlying GPs and strategies on their approach to Sustainability and Impact, which not only enables the team to understand how the opposition of the sustainability and impact, which not only enables the team to understand how the opposition of the sustainability and impact, which not only enables the team to understand how the opposition of the sustainability and impact for the sustainability and impact for the enable with the Underlying GPs. The results represent which is underlying GPs were within the countries of the degree to which Sustainability and impact for the enable of the sustainability of the sustainability in the sustainability of the sustainability of the sustainability in the sustainability in the sustainability of the sustainabilit			
Mercer has developed a proprietary assessment to assess Underlying GPs and statelogies on their approach to Sustainability and Impact, which not only enables the team to understand how the Underlying GPs are performing in terms of Statishability and Impact, but also to identify areas to import in Micro Statishability and Impact to which Sustainability and Impact but also to identify areas to import in Micro Statishability and Impact statish and properties without the originage with the Underlying GPs. The results represent Micro's assessment of the despite of which Sustainability and impact alters are to represent Micro's assessment of the despite of which Sustainability and impact alters are to represent Micro's assessment of the despite of which Sustainability and impact alters are to recognize the following light in the section of the se			
approach to Sustainability and Impact, which not only enables the team to understand how the Underlying GPA are performing in terms of Sustainability and Impact that also to identify areas to monitor more closely going convert and in which to engage with the Underlying GPA are resulted in the performance of the perf			1. Underlying GP Due Diligence
Sustainability risk management for investments contributing to #1 in the section Troportion of investments with a focus on			approach to Sustainability and Impact, which not only enables the team to understand how the Underlying GPs are performing in terms of Sustainability and Impact but also to identify areas to monitor more closely going forward and in which to engage with the Underlying GPs. The results represent Mercer's assessment of the degree to which Sustainability and Impact factors are incorporated within an Underlying GP's investment philosophy. The Underlying GP due diligence
Sustainability investment management for Investments contributing to #1 in the section "Proportion of Investments" with a focus on consideration and implementation of the requirements for sustainable investments according to article 2 (17) SFDR, i.e. positive contribution to the UN SDGs, DNSH and minimum safeguards, and owhere relevant consideration an implementation on the requirements for environmentally sustainable investments according to the EU Taxonomy Regulation, i.e. technical screening criteria for substantial positive contribution, DNSH and minimum safeguards considerations, i.e. technical screening criteria for substantial positive contribution, DNSH and minimum safeguards considerations, i.e. technical screening criteria for substantial positive contribution, DNSH and minimum safeguards considerations, i.e. technical screening criteria for substantial positive contribution, DNSH and minimum safeguards considerations, i.e. technical screening criteria for substantial positive and impact scale and impact substantial positive and impact assessment including impact Understanding with minimum safeguards considerations, as supportive framework to understand the targeted and achieved impact, and impact Mapping to identify potential additional positive and/or positive and/or spatial positive positive disclosure standards (where available); ii. the contribution of the Investment under the pursued environmental and/or social objectives. **The Sub-Fund* investment to the pursued environmental and/or social objectives.** **The Sub-Fund* investment to the pursued environmental and/or social objectives.** **The Sub-Fund* investment to the pursued environmental and/or social objectives.** **The Sub-Fund* investment to the pursued environmental and/or social objectives.** **The Sub-Fund* invest			■ ESG/Sustainability Governance
Proportion of Investments with a focus on			, ,
according to article 2 (17) SFDR, i.e. positive contribution to the UN SDGs, DNSH and minimum safeguards; and owhere relevant consideration an implementation on the requirements for environmentally sustainable investments according to the EU Taxonomy Regulation, i.e. technical screening criteria for substantial positive contribution, DNSH and minimum safeguards considerations; Impact assessment including impact Understanding with IMP-5 dimensions as a supportive framework to understand the targeted and achieved impact, and Impact Mapping to Identify potential additional positive and/or negative impact. 2. Disclosure Assessment Further the following elements are assessed during the investment due diligence: i. the classification of the Investment under the SFDR or equivalent disclosure standards (where available); iii. the contribution of the Investment to the pursued environmental and/or social objectives. **The Sub-Fund's investment strategy will be realized indirectly, via Portfolio Investments. The Sub-Fund's investment (structure), i.e. on a process basis. With respect to chruestments the Sub-Fund's Portfolio Manager is considering the good governance requirements based on information or results provided by the Underlying GP. **The Sub-Fund aims to primarily create a real assets and private equity portfolio that is well diversified across different sectors and sub-sectors.			"Proportion of Investments" with a focus on
environmentally sustainable investments according to the EU Taxonomy Regulation, i.e. technical screening criteria for substantial positive contribution, DNSH and minimum safeguards considerations; Impact assessment including Impact Understanding with IMP-5 dimensions as a supportive framework to understand the targeted and achieved impact, and Impact Mapping to identify potential additional positive and/or negative impact. Sustainability and impact reporting. 2. Disclosure Assessment Further the following elements are assessed during the investment due diligence: i. the classification of the Investment under the SFDR or equivalent disclosure standards (where available); ii. the contribution of the Investment to the pursued environmental and/or social objectives. • the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies, including with respect to sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance. The Sub-Fund's investment strategy will be realized indirectly, via Portfolio Investments. The Sub-Fund's Portfolio Manager is assessing the good governance practices deployed of the Underlying GPs with respect to the underlying investment (structure), i.e. on a process basis. With respect to Compliance. Proportion of information or results provided by the Underlying GP. The Sub-Fund sims to primarily create a real assets and private equity portfolio that is well diversified across different sectors and sub-sectors.			according to article 2 (17) SFDR, i.e. positive contribution to the UN SDGs, DNSH and minimum safeguards; and
Sustainability and impact reporting. Disclosure Assessment Further the following elements are assessed during the investment due diligence: i. the classification of the Investment under the SFDR or equivalent disclosure standards (where available); ii. the contribution of the Investment to the pursued environmental and/or social objectives. • the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies, including with respect to sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance. • The Sub-Fund's Portfolio Manager is assessing the good governance practices deployed of the Underlying GPs with respect to the underlying investment (structure), i.e. on a process basis. With respect to Co-Investments the Sub-Fund's Portfolio Manager is considering the good governance requirements based on information or results provided by the Underlying GP. Proportion of investments In the website section 'Proportion of investments' referred to in Article 19 and shall distinguish between direct The Sub-Fund aims to primarily create a real assets and private equity portfolio that is well diversified across different sectors and sub-sectors.			environmentally sustainable investments according to the EU Taxonomy Regulation, i.e. technical screening criteria for substantial positive contribution, DNSH and minimum safeguards considerations; Impact assessment including Impact Understanding with IMP-5 dimensions as a supportive framework to understand the targeted and achieved impact, and Impact Mapping to identify
Further the following elements are assessed during the investment due diligence: i. the classification of the Investment under the SFDR or equivalent disclosure standards (where available); ii. the contribution of the Investment to the pursued environmental and/or social objectives. • the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies, including with respect to sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance. The Sub-Fund's investment strategy will be realized indirectly, via Portfolio Investments. The Sub-Fund's Portfolio Manager is assessing the good governance practices deployed of the Underlying GPs with respect to the underlying investment (structure), i.e. on a process basis. With respect to Co-Investments the Sub-Fund's Portfolio Manager is considering the good governance requirements based on information or results provided by the Underlying GP. Proportion of investments In the website section 'Proportion of investments' referred to in Article 37, point (e), financial market participants shall insert the information referred to in Article 9 and shall distinguish between direct across different sectors and sub-sectors.			
i. the classification of the Investment under the SFDR or equivalent disclosure standards (where available); ii. the contribution of the Investment to the pursued environmental and/or social objectives. • the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies, including with respect to sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance. • The Sub-Fund's investment strategy will be realized indirectly, via Portfolio Investments. The Sub-Fund's Portfolio Manager is assessing the good governance practices deployed of the Underlying GPs with respect to the underlying investment (structure), i.e. on a process basis. With respect to Co-Investments the Sub-Fund's Portfolio Manager is considering the good governance requirements based on information or results provided by the Underlying GP. • The Sub-Fund aims to primarily create a real assets and private equity portfolio that is well diversified across different sectors and sub-sectors.			2. Disclosure Assessment
available); ii. the contribution of the Investment to the pursued environmental and/or social objectives. • the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies, including with respect to sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance. • The Sub-Fund's investment strategy will be realized indirectly, via Portfolio Investments. The Sub-Fund's Portfolio Manager is assessing the good governance practices deployed of the Underlying GPs with respect to the underlying investment (structure), i.e. on a process basis. With respect to Co-Investments the Sub-Fund's Portfolio Manager is considering the good governance requirements based on information or results provided by the Underlying GP. • In the website section 'Proportion of investments' referred to in Article 37, point (e), financial market participants shall insert the information referred to in Article 19 and shall distinguish between direct			Further the following elements are assessed during the investment due diligence:
the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies, including with respect to sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance. The Sub-Fund's investment strategy will be realized indirectly, via Portfolio Investments. The Sub-Fund's Portfolio Manager is assessing the good governance practices deployed of the Underlying GPs with respect to the underlying investment (structure), i.e. on a process basis. With respect to Co-Investments the Sub-Fund's Portfolio Manager is considering the good governance requirements based on information or results provided by the Underlying GP. Proportion of investments In the website section 'Proportion of investments' referred to in Article 37, point (e), financial market participants shall insert the information referred to in Article 19 and shall distinguish between direct The Sub-Fund aims to primarily create a real assets and private equity portfolio that is well diversified across different sectors and sub-sectors.			•
respect to sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance. Fund's Portfolio Manager is assessing the good governance practices deployed of the Underlying GPs with respect to the underlying investment (structure), i.e. on a process basis. With respect to Collivestments the Sub-Fund's Portfolio Manager is considering the good governance requirements based on information or results provided by the Underlying GP. Proportion of investments In the website section 'Proportion of investments' referred to in Article 37, point (e), financial market participants shall insert the information referred to in Article 19 and shall distinguish between direct The Sub-Fund aims to primarily create a real assets and private equity portfolio that is well diversified across different sectors and sub-sectors.			
investments participants shall insert the information referred to in Article 19 and shall distinguish between direct across different sectors and sub-sectors.		respect to sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax	Fund's Portfolio Manager is assessing the good governance practices deployed of the Underlying GPs with respect to the underlying investment (structure), i.e. on a process basis. With respect to Co-Investments the Sub-Fund's Portfolio Manager is considering the good governance requirements
		participants shall insert the information referred to in Article 19 and shall distinguish between direct	
Article 42 – SFDR L2	Article 42 – SFDR L2		

Section	Regulatory Requirements	Disclosure draft
		At least 90% of the Sub-Fund's commitments will be targeted in Portfolio Investments aligned with the pursued environmental and/or social objectives of the Sub-Fund (# 1) (at the end of the Transitional Period) The planned asset allocation with respect to the split within #1 Environmental and Social may not be complied with during a Transitional Period. The planned asset allocation remains applicable until the Sub-Fund begins realizing its assets.
		#1 Sustainable covers sustainable investments with environmental or social objectives. #1 Sustainable Mind. 50% #1 Sustainable investments with environmental or social objectives. #2 Not sustainable investments which do not qualify as sustainable investments. #2 Not sustainable investments which do not qualify as sustainable investments.
		The Sub-Fund does not use derivatives to attain the sustainable investment objectives.
Monitoring of sustainable investment objective Article 43 – SFDR L2	In the website section 'Monitoring of the sustainable investment objective' referred to in Article 37, point (f), financial market participants shall describe how the sustainable investment objective and the sustainability indicators used to measure the attainment of the sustainable investment objective are monitored throughout the lifecycle of the financial product and the related internal or external control mechanisms.	Investments that contribute to the achievement of the sustainable investment objective according to the section "Proportion of Investments" are periodically reviewed for alignment with the binding elements detailed in section "Investment Strategy". The review is based on information provided by the Underlying GP (e.g. ESG/Impact reporting, side letter confirmations, process documentation). The periodic ESG reporting per investment represents an essential basis for assessment. As part of an internal process, the Sub-Fund manager ensures a four-eye check for each investment in the context of selection and monitoring. This allows the periodic monitoring of compliance with the binding elements as well as the "Proportion of Investments".
		With regard to external controls, it is expected that over time the ESG reporting per investment and/or the material ESG process of the Underlying GP are assessed in a documented manner by independent expert third parties.
		The Sub-Fund is focusing, depending on the impact theme, on different sustainability indicators to measure the achievement of the pursued environmental and social objectives as defined in the section "Methodologies for sustainable investment objective". The Sub-Fund may consider different sustainability indicators to measure the achievement of the pursued environmental and social objectives which may differ from investment to investment. The sustainability indicators may evolve over time to ensure their ongoing relevance with respect to the Investments of the Sub-Fund. The sustainability indicators are to be understood as in principle relevant and dependent on the specific Investment. The Sub-Fund has defined relevant sustainability indicators per UN SDG and the disclosure in the annual report (article 11 (2) SFDR) will focus on the most relevant sustainability indicators at investment level.
Methodologies for sustainable investment objective	In the website section 'Methodologies' referred to in Article 37, point (g), financial market participants shall describe the methodologies used to measure the attainment of the sustainable investment objective and how the sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of that sustainable investment objective are used.	The Sub-Fund is focusing, depending on the impact theme, on different sustainability indicators to measure the achievement of the pursued environmental and social objectives:
Article 44 – SFDR L2		 Alignment with the exclusion screening Underlying GP ESG due diligence assessment results

Section	Regulatory Requirements	Disclosure draft
		Sustainability assessment results at Primary Investment, Secondary Investments or Co-Investment level with the following minimum score requirement: Funds scoring a minimum of 2.5 (out of 4) on both the Underling GP Assessment AND the Portfolio Investment Assessment Impact assessment results at Primary Investment, Secondary Investment or Co-Investment level, with the following minimum score requirement: Fund scoring a minimum of 2.5 (out of 4) on both the Underlying GP Assessment, AND the Portfolio Investment Assessment The Sub-Fund is focusing on different sustainability indicators to measure the achievement of the pursued environmental and social objectives. The sustainability indicators may evolve over time to ensure their ongoing relevance with respect to the Investments of the Sub-Fund as the sustainability indicators to be assessed may differ from investment to investment, the sustainability indicators are to be understood as in principle relevant and dependent on the specific Investment. Other sustainability indicators might be more relevant and suitable to assess the level of contribution to the pursued environmental and/or social objectives. For every Investment, dependent on the impact theme supported, different sustainability indicators may be relevant. The consideration of the Sub-Fund will be focused on the most relevant sustainability indicators. Further, the Sub-Fund will provide information regarding the consideration of principal adverse impacts in the annual report pursuant to article (article 11 (2) SFDR). Sustainable and impact data is being obtained, where available, during the due diligence and ongoing monitoring for every Investment. Mercer's Sustainable and Impact assessment is aiming to track, monitor and report the sustainable objective and positive contribution of each Investment.
Data sources and processing	In the website section 'Data sources and processing' referred to in Article 37, point (h), financial market participants shall describe all of the following:	
Article 45 – SFDR L2	the data sources used to attain the sustainable investment objective of the financial product;	The Sub-Fund qualifies as a fund of fund structure that invests in unlisted investments (Primary Investments and Co-Investments) where no, or respectively very limited information about the underlying investments is publicly available. The data sources used by the Sub-Fund to achieve sustainable investment objective are based on information and documentation provided by the respective Underlying GP as part of the due diligence and ongoing monitoring. As far as possible, the Sub-Fund will assess and scrutinise the information received, taking into account existing information or any publicly available information. For further details, please see below:
		Phase Possible data sources
		Answers and information provided during the ESG due diligence (e.g. based on a structured due diligence questionnaire) and further documentation provided from the Underlying GP directly Information from underlying assets/portfolio companies Legally required disclosures, e.g. private placement memorandum, disclosures required under SFDR Side letter clauses Publicly available information to complement existing information, e.g. materiality maps for sustainability topics (as relevant)

Section	Regulatory Requirements	Disclosure draft
		Ongoing monitoring Answers to structured reporting questionnaires provided from the Underlying GP directly Annual ESG/Impact reporting provided by the Underlying GP for the underlying assets/portfolio companies Legal required disclosures, e.g. annual report required under SFDR Publicly available information to complement existing information (as relevant)
	the measures taken to ensure data quality;	The Sub-Fund is striving to implement a data quality process that considers relevant dimensions with respect to data received from the Underlying GP, focusing on completeness and consistency with respect to the required information/data. Data received will be stored in a relevant ESG database where best in class data governance requirements are considered.
	• how data are processed;	The data collection for the Investments is initiated on a periodic basis (at least annually for the financial year-end). The required data is based on the Sub-Fund's regulatory commitments and communicated to the Underlying GP during the initial due diligence as well as in case of any material changes. The underlying processes of the Underlying GP relevant for data management are assessed on a periodic basis with respect to different considerations (e.g. accuracy, consistency). Received data is critically assessed as relevant based on the results of the periodic process assessment to allow for processing and inclusion for relevant reporting and fund management requirements. Mercer's Sustainable and Impact assessment is aiming to track, monitor and report the sustainable objective and positive contribution of each Investment. Controls are in place for the preparation of the information requested from the Underlying GPs as well as for the analysis of the received information and preparation for the relevant reporting.
	the proportion of data that are estimated.	The Sub-Fund will reassess periodically the proportion of data that is estimated, usually in line with the annual reporting process of the Sub-Fund. It is not expected that for Primary Investments estimates are used in the due diligence phase. With respect to Secondary Investments or Co-Investments, it is possible that the Lead-investor may provide for certain data points estimated information during the due diligence. Refer to "Limitations of methodologies and data" for further reference.
Limitations to methodologies and	In the website section 'Limitations to methodologies and data' referred to in Article 37, point (i), financial market participants shall describe all of the following:	
data Article 46 – SFDR L2	any limitations to the methodologies referred to in Article 37, point (g), and to the data sources referred to in Article 37, point (h);	The data sources are limited regarding Primary Investments as the assessment cannot be made based on existing investments ("blind pool risk") but are focusing on the aspects further detailed in the section "Due diligence" below, in addition to side letter confirmations. Sustainable and impact data is being obtained as relevant for the binding elements of the Sub-Fund, during the due diligence and ongoing monitoring for every Investment and may differ from investment to investment. PAI information for the consideration of the DNSH may be quantitative or qualitative as relevant, the underlying processes at investment level are subject to the due diligence and ongoing monitoring. Further, the data received by the Sub-Fund is in principle provided by the Underlying GP based on
		information obtained directly form the underlying investments. The completeness, consistency and quality of this data may face certain limitations which is addressed in the periodic data management process assessment of the Underlying GP.
	how such limitations do not affect the attainment of the sustainable investment objective.	The Sub-Fund does not expect that these limitations materially adversely affect the achievement of the sustainable investment allocation (see section "Proportion of Investments") and the sustainable investment objective, as the selection of Primary Investments and Co-Investments is focusing on the

Section	Regulatory Requirements	Disclosure draft
		sustainable investment allocation as well as the delivery of the sustainable investment objective considering the Underlying GPs consideration and management of data. The Sub-Fund will periodically reassess relevant limitations and their impact on the attainment of the sustainable investment objective. In case an envisaged Investment may not be able to provide the required information and data, the
		Sub-Fund Manager may choose to engage with this envisaged Investment further to allow for the required information and data to be provided before any investment decision is taken.
Due Diligence	In the website section 'Due diligence' referred to in Article 37, point (j), financial market participants shall describe the due diligence carried out on the underlying assets of the financial product, including the internal and external controls on that due diligence.	The Sub-Fund has, besides the usual business and legal due diligence process, established a dedicated Sustainability & Impact due diligence process per Investment:
Article 47 – SFDR L2		This enables the team to understand how the Underlying GPs are performing in terms of Sustainability and Impact but also to identify areas to monitor more closely going forward and in which to engage with the Underlying GPs. This is in addition to consideration of the compliance of the investment with the Sub-Fund's exclusion policy and the SFDR product classification of the investment (if available).
		1. Underlying GP Due Diligence
		Mercer has developed a proprietary assessment ("Mercer's Sustainability & Impact Assessment") to assess Underlying GPs and strategies on their approach to Sustainability and Impact, which not only enables the team to understand how the Underlying GPs are performing in terms of Sustainability and Impact but also to identify areas to monitor more closely going forward and in which to engage with the Underlying GPs. The results represent Mercer's assessment of the degree to which Sustainability and Impact factors are incorporated within an Underlying GP's investment philosophy.
		The Underlying GP Due Diligence focuses on the following topics, capabilities and underlying processes: ESG/Sustainability Governance Sustainability risk management Sustainability investment management for Portfolio Investments contributing to #1 in the section asset allocation (see below) with a focus on consideration and implementation of the requirements for sustainable investments according to art. 2 (17) SFDR, i.e. positive contribution to the UN SDGs, DNSH and minimum safeguards; and where relevant consideration an implementation on the requirements for environmentally sustainable investments according to the EU Taxonomy Regulation, i.e. technical screening criteria for substantial positive contribution, DNSH and minimum safeguards considerations; Impact assessment including Impact Understanding with IMP-5 dimensions as a supportive framework to understand the targeted and achieved impact, and Impact Mapping to identify potential additional positive and/or negative impact Sustainability and impact reporting
		2. Disclosure assessment
		Further the following elements are assessed during the investment due diligence: the classification of the Investment under the SFDR or equivalent disclosure standards (where available); the contribution of the Investment to the pursued environmental and/or social objectives.
		The due diligence process is a layered approach based on dedicated Sustainability & Impact themes and topics that are to be assessed and documented by the Portfolio Manager. During the due diligence process, the Sub-Fund Manager is in close contact with the Underlying GP of the envisaged

Section	Regulatory Requirements	Disclosure draft
		investment. ThePortfolio Manager has established a dedicated process for the preparation and validation of the results of the due diligence. External controls at the level of the Underlying GP are a topic that may be considered in the due diligence phase as relevant.
Engagement policies Article 48 – SFDR L2	In the website section 'Engagement policies' referred to in Article 37, point (k), financial market participants shall describe the engagement policies implemented where engagement is part of the sustainable investment objective, including any management procedures applicable to sustainability-related controversies in investee companies.	The Portfolio Manager engages in a constructive dialogue with the Underlying GP to ensure that they have clear processes and policies in place to mitigate potential externalities, and an understanding for positive and any potential negative outcome. With the Portfolio Manager's engagement, the team supports the improvement of Underlying GP's ESG/Impact Score and their ESG/Impact process.
Attainment of the sustainable investment objective	In the website section 'Attainment of the sustainable investment objective' referred to in Article49, point (I), financial market participants shall describe all of the following:	
Article 49 – SFDR L2	 for financial products that have sustainable investment as their objective and for which an index has been designated as a reference benchmark, how that index is aligned with the sustainable investment objective of the financial product, including the input data, the methodologies used to select those data, the rebalancing methodologies and how the index is calculated 	No index has been designated as a reference benchmark to meet the sustainable investment objective of the financial product.
	 for financial products that have a reduction in carbon emissions as their objective, a statement that the reference benchmark qualifies as an EU Climate Transition Benchmark or an EU Paris-aligned Benchmark as defined in Article 3, points (23a) and (23b), of Regulation (EU) 2016/1011, and a hyperlink to where the methodology used for the calculation of those benchmarks can be found. 	The financial product does not have reduction of carbon emissions as its objective.
	Where part or all of the information referred to in paragraph 1 is published on the website of the administrator of the reference benchmark, a hyperlink shall be provided to that information.	No index has been designated as a reference benchmark to meet the sustainable investment objective of the financial product.
	Where no EU Climate Transition Benchmark or EU Paris-aligned Benchmark as defined in in Article 3, points (23a) and (23b), of Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 is available, the website section 'Attainment of the sustainable investment objective' referred to in Article 38, point (I), shall mention that fact and explain how the continued effort of attaining the objective of reducing carbon emissions is ensured in view of achieving the objectives of the Paris Agreement. Financial market participants shall explain the extent to which the financial product complies with the methodological requirements set out in Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1818.	The financial product does not have reduction of carbon emissions as its objective.